FCHS HONOR CODE PLEDGE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**SOL REVIEW ASSESSMENT – Module Eight – Immigration, Industrialization, Urbanization**

Answer all of the questions below in preparation from the US-VA History SOL Test, which will be administered on May 23rd, 2014.

**Past SOL Questions:**



**\_\_\_\_1. Which statement best represents what the cartoon is trying to state?**

A. Immigration from Southern and

Eastern Europe was encouraged.

B. Legislation was passed to reduce the

number of immigrants from eastern

and southern Europe.

C. Force was used to keep immigrants

from entering the United States.

D. Southern and Eastern Europeans

were the only ones interested in

coming to the United States.

**Urban Populations, 1880 - 1910**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **City** | **1880** | **1890** | **1900** | **1910** |
| Detroit | 116340 | 205876 | 285704 | 465766 |
| Pittsburgh | 156389 | 238617 | 321616 | 533905 |

**\_\_\_\_\_2. Which of these contributed most to the changes shown in the table?**

A. Growth of suburbs

B. Settlement of the frontier

C. End of slavery in the South

D. Industrialization in the North

**\_\_\_\_\_3. Why did American industrialists in the late 19th Century generally support expansion into overseas colonies?**

A. They believed that these regions

would benefit from democratic

government.

B. These areas would provide new

sources of raw materials and

customers.

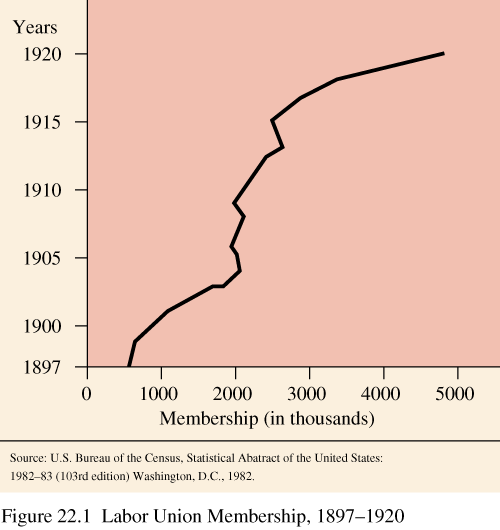
C. Antitrust laws did not apply to

American territories overseas.

D. American colonies would increase

tariff revenues.

**Labor Union Membership, 1897 – 1920**



**\_\_\_\_\_4. All of the following contributed to the trend shown in the graph above EXCEPT –**

A. increasing industrialization

B. poor worker-management relations

C. discontent with working conditions

D. a decline in population

**Immigration Push Factors** – things that cause a person to leave a country and move elsewhere.

**\_\_\_\_\_5. One push factor for many United States immigrants is that their native countries had a –**

A. quality education system

B. lack of family connections

C. diverse religious history

D. lack of employment opportunities

“We crossed into Missouri out of the Indian country, near what is now known as Baxter Springs. I sat on my horse every night while we were coming through the Indian country; I was so afraid something would scare the cattle that I could not sleep in the tent; but we had no stampede.”

* **Tom Candy Ponting, 1853**

**\_\_\_\_\_6. This description concerns the –**

A. transportation of cattle to markets

in the Midwest.

B. immigration of workers to build the

Transcontinental Railroad.

C. movement of cattle to feed the

troops during the Civil War.

D. relocation of settlers to new

territory in the Midwest.

**\_\_\_\_\_7. During the 19th Century, Chinese immigrants played a major role in the –**

A. building of the Transcontinental

railroad.

B. development of the public school

system .

C. establishment of the abolition

movement.

D. formation of the Tammany Society.

**Growing Labor Supply**

**Abundant Natural Resources**

**Limited Liability Corporations**

**?**

**\_\_\_\_\_8. Which economic factor completes the diagram?**

A. laissez-faire policies

B. high interest rates

C. low consumer demands

D. strict price controls

The Daily News

May 16, 1911

**Standard Oil Company to Break Up; Supreme Court Declares it an Unlawful Monopoly**

**\_\_\_\_\_9. This event was a result of the passage of the –**

A. Interstate Commerce Act

B. 17th Amendment

C. Sherman Anti-Trust Act

D. 19th Amendment

**\_\_\_\_\_10. During the Industrial Revolution, new technology affected the economy of the United States by –**

A. increasing worker productivity

B. limiting profits

C. decreasing urban population

D. generating tax revenues